Financial Statements

December 31, 2016 and 2015



## **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Board of Directors of New York State Health Foundation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of New York State Health Foundation (the "Foundation") which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# **To the Board of Directors of New York State Health Foundation**Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New York State Health Foundation as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Report on Supplementary Information

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information on page 14 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

May 17, 2017

#### Statements of Financial Position

	December 31		
	2016	2015	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,017,059	\$ 919,988	
Accrued investment income	6	35,637	
Prepaid federal excise tax	164,000	120,000	
Investments	275,309,068	271,113,851	
Deposits and other assets	8,385	426,579	
Property and equipment, net	108,364	127,418	
	\$ 276,606,882	\$ 272,743,473	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 323,007	\$ 265,296	
Grants payable, net	5,175,574	7,388,920	
Deferred rent	627,042	656,296	
Deferred federal excise tax	1,145,505	904,000	
Total Liabilities	7,271,128	9,214,512	
Net Assets			
Unrestricted	269,335,754	263,528,961	
	\$ 276,606,882	\$ 272,743,473	

## Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31			
	2016 2015			
	·		Temporarily	
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
REVENUE AND SUPPORT				
Investment Income				
Interest and dividends	\$ 2,734,453	\$ 2,828,008	\$ -	\$ 2,828,008
Net realized gain from sale of investments	5,495,377	5,321,868	-	5,321,868
Less investment expense	815,700	751,886	<del>-</del>	751,886
Net Investment Income	7,414,130	7,397,990	-	7,397,990
Rental income	174,372	84,060	115 000	84,060
Contributions	-	220.000	115,000	115,000
Net assets released from restrictions	7 500 500	330,000	(330,000)	7.507.050
Total Revenue and Support	7,588,502	7,812,050	(215,000)	7,597,050
EXPENSES				
Program Services				
Grants authorized, net of rescinded/refunded amounts	9,253,005	12,579,962	-	12,579,962
of \$54,640 and \$82,156, and present				
value discount of \$5,623 and (\$10,051)				
Program support, planning and development	<u>3,519,376</u>	3,692,949		3,692,949
Total Program Services	12,772,381	16,272,911	-	16,272,911
Operations and governance	757,907	785,117		785,117
Total Expenses	13,530,288	17,058,028		17,058,028
Change in Net Assets Before Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments and Provision for Federal				
Excise Taxes	(5,941,786)	(9,245,978)	(215,000)	(9,460,978)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	12,096,084	(10,383,025)	-	(10,383,025)
Provision for federal excise taxes	(347,505)	(246,000)	<u>-</u> _	(246,000)
Change in Net Assets	5,806,793	(19,875,003)	(215,000)	(20,090,003)
NET ASSETS				
Beginning of year	263,528,961	283,403,964	215,000	283,618,964
End of year	\$ 269,335,754	\$ 263,528,961	<u>\$</u>	\$ 263,528,961

See notes to financial statements

#### Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended			
	December 31			
	2016	2015		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$ 5,806,793	\$ (20,090,003)		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	, ,	, , , , ,		
to net cash from operating activities				
Depreciation	28,506	54,014		
Realized gain from sale of investments	(5,495,377)	(5,321,868)		
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(12,096,084)	10,383,025		
Deferred federal excise tax	241,505	(207,000)		
Discount on grants payable	5,623	(10,051)		
Deferred rent	(29,254)	27,414		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	,			
Accrued investment income	35,631	(31,600)		
Other receivables	<u>-</u>	410,391		
Prepaid excise tax	(44,000)	103,000		
Deposits and other assets	418,194	412,534		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	57,711	34,683		
Grants payable	(2,218,969)	2,141,247		
Net Cash From Operating Activities	(13,289,721)	(12,094,214)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	()	()		
Purchase of property and equipment	(9,452)	(36,688)		
Proceeds from sale of investments	13,396,244	10,073,347		
Net Cash From Investing Activities	13,386,792	10,036,659		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	97,071	(2,057,555)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year	919,988	2,977,543		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
End of year	<u>\$ 1,017,059</u>	<u>\$ 919,988</u>		
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Federal excise taxes paid	\$ 150,000	\$ 350,000		

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

## 1. Organization

New York State Health Foundation, formerly The New York Charitable Asset Foundation, (the "Foundation") is a New York not-for-profit corporation organized on October 25, 2002 to pursue tax-exempt charitable purposes. The Foundation was formed as part of the conversion of Empire HealthChoice, Inc. (doing business as Empire Blue Cross & Blue Shield) ("Empire") to a for-profit corporation. Pursuant to the legislation authorizing the conversion, the Foundation received five percent of the stock of WellChoice, the holding company for Empire. The Foundation provides funding and grants for the health care related needs of residents of the State of New York ("NYS"), including without limitation, (i) expansion of access to health care by extending health insurance coverage to NYS residents who cannot afford to purchase their own coverage or who have coverage that is inadequate to meet their needs, (ii) expansion and enhancement of access to health care by augmenting and creating health care programs that deliver services to populations that are unable to access health care or that improve public health, (iii) augmentation of its other program priorities by supporting programs that inform and educate NYS residents about public health issues and empower communities to address the issues by becoming more effective at identifying and articulating health care needs and implementing solutions, and (iv) conducting any and all lawful activities which may be useful in accomplishing the foregoing purposes.

Assets, liabilities and net assets of the New York State Health Foundation Trust (the "Trust"), a revocable trust, are included in the accompanying financial statements. The Foundation is the sole trustee and beneficiary of the Trust.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and money market accounts. The Foundation considers all highly liquid debt instruments available for current use with a maturity date of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Foundation follows U.S. GAAP guidance on Fair Value Measurements which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The Foundation follows U.S. GAAP guidance which removed the requirements to categorize within the fair value hierarchy alternative investments where fair value is measured using the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share as a practical expedient.

#### Investment Valuation and Income Recognition

Investments are stated at fair value. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are computed on the specific identification basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the determination of the change in net assets.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are carried at cost. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lesser of the life of the asset or the term of the lease. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of other assets, which range from 3 to 5 years. Physical assets acquired with costs in excess of \$1,000 and having a period of benefit in excess of one year are capitalized.

#### Grants

The liability for grants is recognized when specific grants are authorized by the Board of Directors and the recipients have been notified in an award letter.

#### Presentation of Net Assets

Net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the Foundation's net assets and changes therein are classified as permanently restricted, temporarily restricted or unrestricted. Unrestricted net assets do not have donor-imposed restrictions. Temporarily restricted net assets are subject to donor restrictions that are expected to be satisfied by passage of time or actions of the Foundation. Permanently restricted net assets contain donor-imposed restrictions that stipulate that resources be maintained permanently, but permit the Foundation to use or expend part or all of the income derived from the donated amounts for a specified purpose. The Foundation does not have any permanently restricted net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are recorded as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the contribution or that have time restrictions. When a temporary restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Reclassifications

Reclassifications of certain prior year amounts have been made to conform to the current year presentation.

#### Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Foundation recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not to be sustained. Management has determined that the Foundation had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition or disclosure. The Foundation is no longer subject to examinations by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for periods prior to 2013.

#### Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which is May 17, 2017.

#### 3. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Foundation's financial instruments that are potentially exposed to concentration of credit risk consist of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The Foundation places its cash and cash equivalents with quality financial institutions. The Foundation invests in exchange traded funds and collective trust funds. At times, cash balances may be in excess of FDIC insurance limit. The Foundation routinely assesses the financial strength of its cash, cash equivalents and investment portfolio. As a consequence, concentrations of credit risk are limited.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016

## 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following as of December 31:

	2016	2015
Furniture and equipment	\$ 500,494	\$ 496,990
Leasehold improvements	141,602	141,602
	642,096	638,592
Less: accumulated depreciation	533,732	511,174
	<u>\$ 108,364</u>	\$ 127,418

The Foundation disposed of \$5,948 and \$33,011 in fully depreciated property and equipment during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

#### 5. Investments

The following are major categories of investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, grouped by fair value hierarchy for those investments subject to categorization within such hierarchy:

	2016				
	Investments				
	Level 1	Asset Value (*)	Total		
Exchange Traded Funds					
Equity fund	\$ 43,112,944	\$ -	\$ 43,112,944		
Fixed income fund	79,132,338	-	79,132,338		
Natural resources fund	12,437,300	-	12,437,300		
Alternative Investments					
Collective trust funds	<u>-</u>	140,626,486	140,626,486		
	\$ 134,682,582	\$ 140,626,486	\$ 275,309,068		
		2015			
		Investments			
		Management at Nat			
		Measured at Net			
	Level 1	Asset Value (*)	Total		
Exchange Traded Funds	Level 1		Total		
Exchange Traded Funds Equity fund	Level 1 \$ 40,995,558		Total \$ 40,995,558		
_		Asset Value (*)			
Equity fund	\$ 40,995,558	Asset Value (*)	\$ 40,995,558		
Equity fund Fixed income fund	\$ 40,995,558 82,044,396	Asset Value (*)	\$ 40,995,558 82,044,396		
Equity fund Fixed income fund Natural resources fund	\$ 40,995,558 82,044,396	Asset Value (*)	\$ 40,995,558 82,044,396		

<sup>(\*)</sup> As discussed in Note 2, investments that are measured using the practical expedient are not classified within the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

#### 5. Investments (continued)

Information regarding investments valued using NAV as practical expedient at December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Equity funds (see "a" below)	\$ 140,626,486	\$ -	Daily	3 Days

a. These assets are in vehicles organized as collective trust funds and the value of the Foundation's interest in these investments is reported by their respective fund managers. The funds include index funds for domestic equities using the Russell 1000 Index and global equities using the Morgan Stanley All Country World Index (excluding US).

Investments organized as collective trust funds are considered alternative investments for financial reporting purposes. The Foundation believes that there is little risk regarding the valuation of these assets: all of the investments comprise publicly traded securities where market values are readily available and almost all have few restrictions on redemption by the Foundation. All of the investments may be redeemed daily.

As of December 31, 2016, four individual investments represented approximately 34%, 29%, 17% and 16% of total investments. As of December 31, 2015, four individual investments represented approximately 34%, 30%, 16% and 15% of total investments. All four of these investments were in broadly diversified index funds.

#### 6. Program Related Investment (PRIs)

The Foundation makes loans to charitable organizations to assist in program related activities. PRIs, defined in IRC 4944(c), have a primary purpose of advancing the mission of the Foundation without a significant purpose of the production of income or the appreciation of property. PRIs are treated as charitable distributions on Internal Revenue Service Form 990-PF, the tax and information return filed by private foundations for minimum-distribution requirement purposes.

#### 7. Federal Excise Tax

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) and 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been further classified as a "private foundation." The Foundation is subject to an excise tax on its net investment income.

Excise taxes consist of two components: current taxes based upon net investment income and deferred taxes which arise from the difference between the tax cost of the investments and the fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

#### 7. Federal Excise Tax (continued)

For the years ended December 31, federal excise tax expense (benefit) consisted of the following:

	2016	2015
Current	\$ 106,000	\$ 453,000
Deferred	241,505	(207,000)
	\$ 347,505	\$ 246,000

#### 8. Grants Payable

The Foundation has entered into grant commitments with certain organizations. Payments to these organizations at December 31, are to be made as follows:

	2016	2015
Less than one year	\$ 3,258,066	\$ 5,216,296
One to three years	1,991,459	2,252,198
	5,249,525	7,468,494
Less: present value discount	73,951	79,574
Grants payable, net	\$ 5,175,574	\$ 7,388,920

To reflect the time value of money, grants payable as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 were discounted to the present value using the Federal Reserve business lending rate of 3.50% and 2.92%, respectively.

#### 9. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

In 2014, the Foundation received two grants from private foundations. One of the grants totaling \$115,000 was used to support the Foundation's statewide initiative to provide insurance enrollment assistance to underserved communities. The second grant totaling \$100,000 was used to evaluate the South Bronx Healthy and Livable Neighborhoods program. In 2015, the Foundation received a grant totaling \$115,000 from a public charity to support its enrollment initiative. During 2015, all three grants were redistributed to three charitable organizations. There were no temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

#### 10. Retirement Plans

The Foundation maintains a 403(b) defined contribution plan, which covers all employees that meet eligibility requirements. The Foundation matched employee contributions up to 7.5% of their annual salary in 2016 and 2015. The Foundation made an additional 5% discretionary employer contribution to the 403(b) plan in 2016 and 2015. The Foundation made contributions totaling \$285,877 and \$313,492 to the plan for 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Foundation also maintains a 457(b) plan that is limited to senior level management employees. The Foundation does not make contributions to the 457(b) plan.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016

#### 11. Commitments

#### Lease Commitments

The Foundation has a lease for its office space in New York City expiring in 2026. The lease contains escalation clauses that provide for increase in payments resulting from increases in real estate taxes and certain other building expenses in excess of the base period amounts. The Foundation's policy is to record base rent on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The future minimum rental payments under the lease agreement are:

2017	\$ 612,000
2018	612,000
2019	612,000
2020	612,000
2021	654,500
Thereafter	2,762,500
	\$ 5,865,000

Rent expense totaled \$571,413 for both 2016 and 2015.

#### Rental Income

The Foundation leases part of this space to a third party. This agreement is renewable on a quarterly basis. In addition, during 2016 the Foundation entered into an additional sublease for its office space commencing February 1, 2017 and expiring on January 31, 2018.

The future minimum rental payments to be received under these lease agreements are:

2017	\$ 108,914
2018	7,828
	\$ 116,742

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Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2015)

Functional Allocation of Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2016 (with summarized totals for the year ended December 31, 2015)

	Program Services	Operations and Governance	Investment	2016 Total	2015 Total
	OCIVICOS	Oovernance	IIIVOStilicit	Total	Total
Grants authorized, net	\$ 9,253,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,253,005	\$ 12,579,962
Allocated Expenses					
Salaries and wages	1,902,390	387,263	338,616	2,628,269	2,722,952
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	524,280	106,725	93,319	724,324	779,490
Legal fees	-	51,773	-	51,773	4,811
Accounting fees	-	33,973	-	33,973	33,637
Other professional fees	43,234	-	50,000	93,234	220,995
Depreciation	20,524	4,276	3,706	28,506	54,014
Occupancy	522,347	108,822	94,313	725,482	721,607
Travel and meetings	105,313	14,763	3,353	123,429	133,068
Printing and design	15,256	7,006	-	22,262	18,684
Office expenses and IT	92,329	28,040	11,962	132,331	121,812
Insurance	41,989	8,600	-	50,589	52,928
Outreach and public events	251,714	-	1,090	252,804	124,144
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>	6,666	<u>-</u>	6,666	8,703
Total Allocated Expenses	3,519,376	757,907	596,359	4,873,642	4,996,845
Direct Investment Expenses					
Manager fees	-	-	219,341	219,341	233,107
Total	\$ 12,772,381	\$ 757,907	\$ 815,700	\$ 14,345,988	\$ 17,809,914