**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2009



## **Independent Auditors' Report**

## **Board of Directors New York State Health Foundation**

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of New York State Health Foundation (the "Foundation"), formerly The New York Charitable Asset Foundation, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Foundation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New York State Health Foundation as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedule on page 11 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of these basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LhP

New York, New York June 1, 2010

## Statements of Financial Position

December 31,

	2009	2008	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,815,635	\$ 8,981,563	
Accrued investment income	470,185	1,064,076	
Program related investments	1,188,592	1,188,592	
Prepaid expenses	215,103	38,913	
Prepaid federal excise tax	25,000	25,000	
Investments	257,209,647	292,939,456	
Deposits	54,842	54,842	
Other Assets	146,227	-	
Property and equipment, net	413,323	174,031	
	<u>\$ 267,538,554</u>	<u>\$ 304,466,473</u>	
<b>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</b> Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 356,963	\$ 206,208	
Grants payable, net	14,093,640	13,429,976	
Deferred rent	33,169	39,153	
Deferred federal excise tax	1,134	352,050	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 14,484,906</u>	<u>\$ 14,027,387</u>	
Net Assets	253,053,648	290,439,086	
	<u>\$ 267,538,554</u>	\$ 304,466,473	

## See notes to financial statements

# Statements of Activities

# Years Ended December 31,

	2009	2008
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest and dividends	\$ 7,182,544	\$ 11,721,806
Net realized gain from sale of investments	8,042,444	222,203
	15,224,988	11,944,009
Less: Investment expense	744,491	414,154
1		
Net Investment Income	14,480,497	11,529,855
EXPENSES		
Grants authorized	13,627,751	16,680,114
Program support, planning and development	2,880,432	2,665,512
Total Program Services	16,508,183	19,345,626
Total Trogram Services	10,500,105	17,545,020
Operations and governance	556,024	503,177
Total Expenses	17,064,207	19,848,803
Change in Net Assets before Federal Excise		
Taxes and Unrealized (Loss) Gain on Investments	(2,583,710)	(8,318,948)
Provision for federal excise tax	210,916	(242,050)
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments	(35,012,644)	4,205,024
		<u> </u>
Change in Net Assets	(37,385,438)	(4,355,974)
NET ASSETS		
Beginning of year	290,439,086	294,795,060
End of year	\$ 253,053,648	\$ 290,439,086

# See notes to financial statements

# Statements of Cash Flows

# Years Ended December 31,

	2009	2008	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Change in net assets	\$ (37,385,438)	\$ (4,355,974)	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	\$ (37,305,150)	¢ (1,555,571)	
to net cash from operating activities			
Depreciation	56,674	55,901	
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	13,205	-	
Realized gains from sale of investments	(8,042,444)	(222,203)	
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	35,012,644	(4,205,024)	
Federal excise tax provision on unrealized investment gains	(350,916)	42,050	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		<i>y</i>	
Accrued investment income	593,891	821,349	
Program related investment	-	(1,188,592)	
Prepaid expenses	(176,190)	56,059	
Prepaid excise tax	-	80,000	
Other assets	(146,227)	-	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	150,755	2,764	
Grants payable, net	663,664	6,834,339	
Deferred rent	(5,984)	(775)	
Net Cash From Operating Activities	(9,616,366)	(2,080,106)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment	(309,171)	(19,678)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	146,695,007	6,329,703	
Purchase of investments	(137,935,398)	-	
Net Cash From Investing Activities	8,450,438	6,310,025	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,165,928)	4,229,919	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Beginning of year	8,981,563	4,751,644	
End of year	\$ 7,815,635	\$ 8,981,563	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Federal excise taxes paid	\$ 140,000	\$ 120,000	

See notes to financial statements

#### Notes To Financial Statements

## 1. Organization

New York State Health Foundation, formerly The New York Charitable Asset Foundation, (the "Foundation") is a New York not-for-profit corporation organized on October 25, 2002 under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to pursue tax-exempt charitable purposes. The Foundation was formed as part of the conversion of Empire HealthChoice, Inc. (doing business as Empire Blue Cross & Blue Shield) to a for-profit corporation. Pursuant to the legislation authorizing the conversion, the Foundation received five percent of the stock of WellChoice, the holding company for Empire. The Foundation provides funding and grants for the health care-related needs of residents of the State of New York ("NYS"), including without limitation, (i) expansion of access to health care by extending health insurance coverage to NYS residents who cannot afford to purchase their own coverage or who have coverage that is inadequate to meet their needs, (ii) expansion and enhancement of access to health care by augmenting and creating health care programs that deliver services to populations that are unable to access health care or that improve public health, (iii) augmentation of its other program priorities by supporting programs that inform and educate New York State residents about public health issues and empower communities to address the issues by becoming more effective at identifying and articulating health care needs and implementing solutions, and (iv) conducting any and all lawful activities which may be useful in accomplishing the foregoing purposes.

Assets, liabilities and net assets of the New York State Health Foundation Trust (the "Trust"), a revocable trust, are included in the accompanying financial statements. The Foundation is the sole trustee and beneficiary of the Trust.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Classification of the Foundation's net assets and its income and expenses are based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, all net assets of the Foundation were considered to be unrestricted.

Notes To Financial Statements

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and money market accounts The Foundation considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents

#### Investments

Investments are valued at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of activities.

## **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are carried at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets.

#### Grants

The liability for grants and project appropriations payable is recognized when specific grants are authorized by the Board of Directors and the recipients have been notified.

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Foundation follows Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance on Fair Value Measurements which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

#### **Investment Income Recognition**

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are computed on the specific identification basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the determination of the change in net assets.

Notes To Financial Statements

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

Management has determined that the Foundation had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Foundation is no longer subject to audits by the applicable taxing jurisdictions for periods prior to December 31, 2006.

#### Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which is June 1, 2010.

#### 3. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Foundation's financial instruments that are potentially exposed to concentration of credit risk consist of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The Foundation places its cash and cash equivalents with quality financial institutions. The Foundation's investments consist entirely of marketable securities. The gold exchange traded fund represents interest in physical gold held by a custodial bank. Equity index or fixed income funds are in commingled vehicles organized as either Common Trust Funds or Exchange Traded Funds. At times, cash balances may be in excess of FDIC insurance limit. The Foundation routinely assesses the financial strength of its cash, cash equivalents and investment portfolio. As a consequence, concentrations of credit risk are limited.

#### 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following as of December 31, 2009 and 2008:

	2009		2008	
Furniture and equipment	\$ 43	8,138	\$	239,074
Leasehold Improvements	12	9,420		39,890
	56	7,558		278,964
Less: accumulated depreciation	15	4,235		104,933
	<u>\$ 41</u>	3,323	\$	174,031

During 2009 the Foundation removed from its books and records property and equipment with a cost of \$20,577 and accumulated depreciation of \$7,372.

Notes To Financial Statements

#### 5. Investments

The following are major categories of investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2009 grouped by fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Total	
Equity index funds	\$ 44,878,919	\$ 26,982,432	\$ 71,861,351	
Gold exchange trade funds	3,978,059	-	3,978,059	
Fixed income funds	81,387,494	83,116,610	164,504,104	
Corporate bonds	15,894,203	-	15,894,203	
Taxable municipal bonds	971,930		971,930	
	\$ 147,110,605	\$110,099,042	\$257,209,647	

The following are major categories of investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2008:

Index funds	\$ 52,756,836
Fixed income funds	240,182,620
	\$292,939,456

As of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 all of the Foundation's investments, bought, sold and held were Level 1 investments.

#### 6. Program Related Investments (PRIs)

During 2008, the Foundation made loans to two charitable organizations in total \$1,188,592 to assist in program related activities. PRIs, defined in IRC 4944(c), have a primary purpose of advancing the mission of the Foundation without a significant purpose of the production of income or the appreciation of property. PRIs are treated as charitable distributions on Internal Revenue Service Form 990-PF, the tax and information return filed by private foundations for minimum-distribution requirement purposes.

#### 7. Federal Excise Tax

The Foundation is exempt from Federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) and 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been further classified as a "private foundation." The Foundation is subject to an excise tax on its net investment income.

Excise taxes consist of two components: current taxes based upon net investment income and deferred taxes which arise from the difference between the tax cost of the investments and the fair value.

Notes To Financial Statements

#### 7. Federal Excise Tax (*continued*)

For the years ended December 31, Federal excise tax expense consisted of the following:

	2009	 2008
Current (Benefit) Deferred	\$ 140,000 (350,916)	\$ 200,000 42,050
	\$ (210,916)	\$ 242,050

#### 8. Grants Payable

The Foundation has entered into grant commitments with certain organizations. Payments to these organizations at December 31, 2009 and 2008 are to be made as follows:

	2009	2008	
Less than one year One to three years	\$ 10,040,573 4,189,217	\$ 8,177,881 5,428,522	
,	14,229,790	13,606,403	
Less: present value discount	136,150	176,427	
Grants payable, net	\$ 14,093,640	\$ 13,429,976	

To reflect the time value of money, grants payable as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 were discounted to their present value using the prime rate of 3.25%.

#### 9. Retirement Plan

The Foundation maintains a 403(b) defined contribution plan, which covers all employees. The Foundation matched employee contributions up to 7.5% of their annual salary in 2009 and 6% in 2008. The Foundation made contributions totaling \$134,508 and \$65,170 to the plan for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

#### **10.** Commitments

The Foundation has a lease agreement for its New York City office space that expires in 2012. In connection with the lease, the Foundation gave the landlord a deposit of \$54,842. In 2010, the Foundation entered into an agreement to sublease this space to a third party expiring in 2012. This agreement requires monthly payments to the Foundation of approximately \$10,000.

Subsequent to year end the Foundation entered into an agreement for new office space expiring 2027. In connection with the lease, the Foundation gave the landlord a deposit of \$45,333. The lease contains escalation clauses that provide for increase in payments

Notes To Financial Statements

# **10.** Commitments (*continued*)

resulting from increases in real estate taxes and certain other building expenses in excess of the base period amounts.

The future minimum rental payments under these lease agreements are:

2010	\$ 234,583	
2011	693,388	
2012	593,598	
2013	544,000	
2014	544,000	
Thereafter	4,856,333	
	\$ 7,465,902	

Rent expense totaled \$224,654 and \$229,229 for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Supplemental Information

December 31, 2009

# Functional Allocation Of Expenses

#### Year Ended December 31, 2009 (With summarized totals for the year ended December 31, 2008)

	Program Services	Operations and Governance	Investment	2009 Total	2008 Total
Grants Authorized, net	\$ 13,627,751	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 13,627,751	\$ 16,680,114
Allocated expenses					
Salaries and wages	1,596,543	336,739	372,155	2,305,437	1,766,375
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	329,778	39,052	64,896	433,726	310,798
Legal fees		66,593	47,825	114,418	86,169
Accounting fees		53,094		53,094	38,010
Other professional fees	376,195		111,052	487,247	623,987
Depreciation	49,760	6,914		56,674	55,901
Occupancy	204,304	28,416	12,248	244,969	243,808
Travel and meetings	91,414		3,308	94,722	97,393
Printing and binding	18,672			18,672	24,730
Office expense	24,429	3,977	11,300	39,706	35,274
Telecommunications	46,060	6,400		52,460	42,142
Insurance	35,035	4,868		39,903	46,969
Postage and delivery	3,439	560	213	4,212	7,268
Outreach and public events	69,873	-	295	70,168	61,035
Repairs & Maintenance	32,998	4,585	-	37,583	-
Miscellaneous	1,932	4,826		6,757	8,710
Total Allocated Expenses	2,880,432	556,024	623,292	4,059,748	3,448,569
Direct investment expenses					
Manager fees			121,199	121,199	134,274
Total Direct Investment Expense			121,199	121,199	134,274
Total	\$ 16,508,183	\$ 556,024	\$ 744,491	\$ 17,808,698	\$ 20,262,957